

Naches - Pinegrass

Description: This unit is located between Pinegrass Ridge and the South Fork Tieton. It is surrounded by Wilderness, and Non Wilderness lands. Road access is primarily for hunting, trailhead, campground, and allotment access, with a few short roads used for dispersed camping. There are 5 campgrounds, 1 trailhead, and 3 snow-parks located within this unit. The invasive plant populations are located near along the Tieton Rd, forest roads and within the campgrounds and trailheads.

Infested Acres: 113.7

Total Acres: 18667.9

5th Field Watershed: Upper Tieton River - 1703000224

Major Streams and Waterbodies: Cold Creek, Clear Lake

Elevation: 3000-6300 feet

Vegetation Type: Western hemlock, Grand fir, Pacific silver fir, Mountain hemlock, Douglas-fir, Montane herbaceous opening

Soils: All or partially derived from volcanic ash; generally underlain by glacial tills, especially near the Cascade Crest; some areas did not undergo glaciation and have developed from bedrock (often sandstone or basalt) and are overlain by volcanic ash or mixed with volcanic ash; where the volcanic ash is eroded away, soils are generally sandy loam textures.

Precipitation: lower elevations 15-20 inches per year, highest elevations 80-120 inches

Special Management Areas: Goat Rocks Wilderness

Recreation: Dispersed camping, special use cabins, horseback riding, hunting, hiking, and snowmobiling.

Grazing: Northern 2/3 of unit is within the Tieton Cattle Allotment, Remaining southern portion of unit is within the Conrad Meadows Allotment.

TES, ISSSP Species: None

Other Land Ownerships: Private

Vectors of Spread: Vehicle Traffic, recreational uses, livestock and wildlife grazing.

Ongoing Treatments: Campgrounds have been treated by hand pulling, with some troublesome patches being treated with herbicide.

Existing Nepa: None

IVM STRATEGY: Continue to reduce the reliance on the use of herbicide in all areas, while maintaining the competitive desirable non-target native species that add to the scenic quality of the roadside environment. Continue to use crews to pull weeds where it has been successful, while using herbicide where manual treatment is least effective. Treatment at campgrounds and trailheads will continue to be a priority to prevent the spread of weeds on roads and trails. Monitor for new invaders.

Existing Sites and Treatment Objectives

Species	Common name	# of sites	Infested acres	site types	Objective
CEBI2	spotted knapweed	3	3.6	1,3,6	Control
CEDI3	diffuse knapweed	7	46.8	1,3,5,6	Containment
CIAR4	Canada thistle	13	18.1	1,3,5,6	Tolerate/Suppression
CIIN	chicory	4	3.3	1,3,5,6	Containment
CIVU	bull thistle	19	40.8	1,3,5,6	Tolerate

CYSC4	Scotch broom	1	0.1	1,6	Eradication
LIDA	Dalmatian toadflax	1	1.0	1,3	Control/Suppression
		48	113.7		